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Дисциплины (модули) изучаются в рамках освоения ОП ВО «International Protection of human rights»  
по направлению 40.04.01 Юриспруденция

**Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение  
высшего образования «Российский университет дружбы народов»**

## **АННОТАЦИИ ДИСЦИПЛИН (МОДУЛЕЙ) ОП ВО**

**Изучение дисциплин ведется в рамках освоения основной профессиональной образовательной программы высшего образования (ОП ВО)**

### **International Protection of human rights**

(наименование (профиль/специализация) ОП ВО)

**реализуемой по направлению подготовки/специальности:**

**40.04.01. «Юриспруденция»**

(код и наименование направления подготовки/специальности)

**2022 г.**

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	PHILOSOPHY OF LAW
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
<b>Topic 1. Introduction to the Philosophy of Law.</b>	Philosophy of law as the branch of philosophy and jurisprudence. Philosophical methods of law interpretation. The system of philosophy of law: epistemology of law; ontology of law; axiology of law. Classical and non-classical scientific paradigms. The basic philosophical approaches towards understanding of law.
<b>Topic 2. Legal Positivism.</b>	Philosophical basis for legal positivism (A. Comte). Different ways for distinguishing law as a system of norms from other systems of norms. Classical legal positivism (J. Bentham, J. Austin). Modern legal positivism (H. Kelsen, H.L.A. Hart). Exclusive and inclusive legal positivism. Scandinavian and American legal realism. Psychological concept of law by L.I. Petražycki.
<b>Topic 3. Natural Law Theory.</b>	Epistemology of Natural Law Theory: metaphysics as the method of knowing the law. Ontology of Natural Law Theory: dualism of natural law and positive law. Axiology of Natural Law Theory: Overlap Thesis – there is a necessary relation between the concepts of law and morality. Natural law's concepts of equity. Plurality of Natural Law's concepts: Classical Naturalism and the Revived Natural Law.
<b>Topic 4. Human Rights.</b>	Positivist concepts of human rights. Ideology of natural rights. Classifications of human rights. Generations of human rights (K. Vasak). Status negativus, status positivus, status activus (G. Jellinek). Human rights protection.

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	COMPARATIVE LAW RESEARCH
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
<b>Topic 1. Nature of comparative jurisprudence.</b>	Concept of comparative law. Comparative law: method or science. Comparative law and comparative law. Goals and objectives of comparative law. Value of comparison of legal studies. Use of comparison results.
<b>Topic 2. Legal picture of the world (legal geography).</b>	Law is a combination of "national," world "and self-development. General legal trends in development. Global world imperatives. National-state differences in law (source, structural-normative, specificity of systems of national legislation, specificity of concepts of terms, normative language, style, etc.).
<b>Topic 3. Objects of comparative jurisprudence.</b>	Legal reality as an object of comparative law (processes of development of foreign states, their policy in the legal sphere,

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<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
	relations to the law as a phenomenon of legal life, law-making and role of the law; The state of justice; The state itself through the lens of law). Legal systems of States as a structured and organized normative body. National legislation (origins, industry classification criteria). Laws and legal acts. Legal technique. Legal arrays and complexes forming in interstate associations.
<b>Topic 4. Methodology of comparative jurisprudence.</b>	Main categories and concepts of comparative jurisprudence. Diachronny and synchronous comparison. Internally and external comparison. Comparison at the microlevel and macrolevel. Normative and functional comparison. Problems of classifications of legal families
<b>Tonic 5. Levels of comparative jurisprudence.</b>	The legal space of the world, as a single right with unified historical roots, embodied in the legal consciousness, legal customs and traditions. World law theory. Legal families as groups and communities, driven by the general historical roots, structural-functional and stylistic features of law. Processes for the formation of new groups and communities of national legal systems. Law of the international community. Impact of international law on the legal space of the world and national legal systems.
<b>Tonic 6. Comparative jurisprudence in the conditions of globalization.</b>	The notion of globalization. Universality of European values. Demands of globalization. Leveling State and legal systems, expanding the range of Western-style democracies; The establishment of the rule of law on all continents; Strengthening the protection of human rights, especially the right to property. The problems of the truth of European values as universal. Legal pluralism.
<b>Tonic 7. Problems of comparative jurisprudence in the solution of problems of the European legal space.</b>	Levels of analysis of the European legal space: legal family, legal state. Comparative study of European legal systems as a way to identify common and manageable differences between them. Development of criteria for the rule of law through comparative analysis of the experience of European countries. Establishment of legal standards to distinguish between the rule of law and non-law. Specifying pan-European human rights standards.
<b>Tonic 8. Deleting of sides between the romano-German and Anglo-Saxon legal systems.</b>	Relative nature of classifications of national legal systems. Interinterpretation of traditional sources of law (narrative law, judicial precedent). Commonality of a legal culture based on unified liberal values. Reducing the relevance of issues to the division of the right to public and private, substantive and procedural. Convergence in the systematization and codification of law, methods of legal education.

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<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
<b>Topic 9. A role of comparative and legal researches in the course of unification of the right.</b>	<p>Mechanisms for bringing national legal systems closer together. Conflict of laws rules. Recipe right: technology, volumes. Harmonization of legislation. Use of independent arbitration procedures. Legal means of bringing legislation closer together.</p> <p>Model legislation. Model law (concept, subjects of adoption, nature, content). Unification of legal norms. International legal assistance.</p>
<b>Topic 10. Scientific and practical importance of comparative jurisprudence.</b>	<p>Enrichment of national legal science through the use of comparative legal research.</p> <p>Cognitive, scientific-information, academic, research nature of comparative-legal works.</p> <p>Expansion of the outlook of students receiving legal education, allowing to compare different versions of legal solutions and choose the best, taking into account foreign experience.</p> <p>Use of comparative jurisprudence in the law-making process. Preparation of information and analytical materials for legal project.</p> <p>Implementation of conclusions, results of comparative legal study in the process of interpretation of provisions of constitutions and laws.</p> <p>The role of comparative law in interstate construction, legal aid, offering various mechanisms for legal integration and convergence of right-wing systems.</p>

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«History and Methodology of Legal Science»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
<b>Topic 1. Law and Legal Science</b>	<p>Subject and system, aim and tasks of the course “History and methodology of legal science”. Formation of knowledge and research skills in the scope of the course.</p> <p>Law as a normative and regulative system of the society. Typology of legal understanding, its significance in the lawyer’s professional activity. Interpretation of legal processes and phenomena from perspective of different types of legal understanding.</p> <p>Legal science as a knowledge system of law. Legal science as a social institute. Legal science as an activity aimed at formatting new knowledge.</p> <p>Methodology of legal science. Scientific approaches and research methods in legal studies. System of methods of legal science. Philosophic-worldview methods and approaches. Methods of</p>

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«History and Methodology of Legal Science»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
	<p>formal logic. General scientific research methods. Private scientific research methods. Special-juridical research methods. Legal-technical methods. Methodology of comparative law.</p> <p>Functions of legal science: epistemological, ontological, axiological, heuristic, predictive. Criteria of scientific knowledge.</p>
<b>Topic 2. Law as an object of research</b>	<p>Law and legal reality. Variety of existing forms of law. Concept of law, its evolution in the general context of the development of society and state. Nature of law. Variety of approaches to law.</p> <p>Doctrines of natural law. Legal positivism. Etatist approach. Sociological positivism. Integrative jurisprudence. Private, public, corporate-public interests. Role of interests in law-making and law enforcement. Law as a factor of harmonization of relations in the society.</p> <p>Doctrinal, dogmatic and practical jurisprudence as subject areas.</p> <p>Legal doctrine. Legal dogma. Legal practice as a type of social practice. Legal terms, concepts, categories. Legal principles. Legal constructions.</p>
<b>Topic 3. History of Legal Science</b>	<p>Formation, development and contemporary status of legal science. Correlation between history of legal science and history of law and state, between history of legal and political doctrines. Formation and development of law and legal science in the general context of social evolution.</p> <p>Introduction of law in the Ancient East. Views on law in the Ancient World. Roman jurisprudence. Legal Science in Medieval Europe. Ascending of scientific knowledge from practical to dogmatic and from dogmatic to doctrinal. Legal science of the New history. Legal science of the contemporary history.</p> <p>Legal science in the general context of modern scientific knowledge. Philosophical conceptions of the development of science. K. Popper's critical rationalism. T. Kuhn's conception of the historical dynamics of science. Paradigms in science. Scientific hypotheses. Relativity of scientific knowledge. Positivistic and neopositivistic methodology.</p> <p>Problems of the development of Russian legal studies. Russian legal tradition. Achievements of pre-revolutionary domestic legal studies. Presentation of law in the Soviet socialist society. Legal science in post-Soviet society. Contemporary perspectives of the formation and development of scientific knowledge.</p>
<b>Topic 4. Sources of law and sources of law cognition</b>	<p>Identifying the correlation of terms "sources of law" and "sources of legal studies". Development of scientific views</p>

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<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«History and Methodology of Legal Science»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
	of “sources of law” and «sources of legal studies». Legal source study as a scientific direction. “Sources of knowledge of law” beyond the scope of “sources of law”. Evolutionary development of sources of law in legal families and legal systems. Features of sources of law in legal families and legal systems. Sources of continental law. Sources of Anglo-American law. National legal and international legal systems.
<b>Topic 5. Contemporary scientific approaches in legal science</b>	Correlation between scientific approaches and research methods in legal studies. Law and legal science as civilizational and cultural phenomena. Formational approach to the evolution of society and law. Civilizational approach to the evolution of society and law. From the formational approach to the civilizational approach. Contemporary views of civilizations. Sociocultural approach. Culture as a supra-biological program of the social development. Translation of legal experience in society. Legal tradition and innovation. Legal anthropology. Jurisprudence of interests. Synergistic approach. Hermeneutic approach. Utilizing achievements of other scientific fields in legal studies. Legal modeling. Sociological research methods.

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<b>Name of the course</b>	Professional-based foreign language
<b>Volume of the course, 3E/ac.h.</b>	6/216
<b>CONTENTS OF CPURSE</b>	
<b>Section</b>	<b>Topics</b>
1.Legal system and Types of law 2.Source of law. Rule of law 3.Types of legal professions. 4. The court system, documents in court. 5.Courts` Document procedure. 6.Civil law and legal proceedings. 7.Criminal law and procedure. 8.Lawsuits. 9.Trial 10.The law firm`s structure. 11.Corporate governance 12.Company capitalization. 13.Shareholders 14.Company acquisition. 15.Contracts. 16.Type of contract. 17. Property ownership rights. 18. Intellectual property. 19.Anti-trust legislation. 20.Labour law.	1-20. Enhancement of specialized terminology/vocabulary on the topic; practical training of syntactic structures (types of phrases and sentences), types of statements, types of intra-connections, logically set academic presentation of learning material, specific nature of discourse argumentation of professional institutional background in legal field. System-structural organization of texts of various genres (oral and written speeches, monologue, dialogue, polylogue, statutory instruments, title documents, correspondence and care procedures with clients/representatives of the corporate environment, analytical and reporting documents within the framework of the designated topic).

<b>Name of the course</b>	«International Law and Development»
<b>Volume of the course, 3E/ac.h.</b>	6/216
<b>CONTENTS OF CPURSE</b>	
<b>Section</b>	<b>Topics</b>
Section 1. SDGs and International Legal Regulation of Space Activities.	1. Outer space and its use to achieve the SDGs. 2. EU programs: the European global satellite navigation system and the Copernicus program, their contribution to the achievement of the SDGs. 3. Benefits of the use of outer space for global health protection. 4. Role of the COPUOS Scientific and Technical Subcommittee on World Health Working Group. 5. Inter-agency meeting on activities in outer space in the context of the use of space science and technology within the UN system for global health. 6. Guidelines for the sustainability of outer space activities. Tell us about this document. 7. UN platform for the use of space information for the prevention and elimination of emergencies and emergency responses.

<b>Name of the course</b>	«International Law and Development»
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<b>Section</b>	<b>Topics</b>
	8. SDG 16 “Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions” and registration of space objects. Tell us about registration of space objects.
Section 2. Development in International Law.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The state of modern international law.</li> <li>2. Growing role of international law in the XXI century.</li> <li>3. The role of international law in resolution of global problems.</li> <li>4. The issue of the rule of law in international relations.</li> <li>5. The Declaration on the Right to Development adopted by the UN General Assembly on 4 December 1986.</li> <li>6. Draft Convention on the Right to Development Developed of the UN Human Rights Council Working Group on the Right to Development (2020).</li> <li>7. Transforming Our World: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, adopted by the General Assembly on 25 September 2015.</li> <li>8. The right to development.</li> </ol>
Section 3. Migration and development: Some international legal aspects of interrelation.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Concept and types of migration.</li> <li>2. Sustainable Development Goals and Migration.</li> <li>3. Reflection of migration issues in two agendas on development.</li> <li>4. National development programs affecting migration.</li> <li>5. Relationship between Sustainable Development Goals and the goals of the Global Document on Migration 2018.</li> <li>6. Interconnection of migration and development as a principle of international legal regulation of migration.</li> </ol>
Section 4. The International environmental law: some tendencies of development in the Anthropocene.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Trends in the development of international environmental law.</li> <li>2. Anthropocene as a notion.</li> <li>3. Sustainable Development Goals and the Environment. Problem of “marine plastic”.</li> <li>4. Prospects for creation of the World Environment Agreement.</li> <li>5. Prospects for creation of an International Environmental Court.</li> <li>6. Prospects for creation of the World Environmental Organization.</li> </ol>



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<b>CONTENTS OF CPURSE</b>	
<b>Section</b>	<b>Topics</b>
Section 5. Jurisdiction and Immunities in Contemporary International law.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Territorial principle. Principle of citizenship.</li> <li>2. Principle of protection.</li> <li>3. Universal jurisdiction.</li> <li>4. Competing jurisdiction.</li> <li>5. The issue of extraterritorial application of national legislation.</li> <li>6. Immunity from jurisdiction. State immunity.</li> <li>7. Diplomatic immunity.</li> <li>8. Consular immunity.</li> <li>9. Extraterritorial jurisdiction.</li> <li>10. Control tests to establish jurisdiction.</li> <li>11. Practice of the European Court of Human Rights.</li> </ol>
Section 6. International legal regulation of the use of new energy sources (renewable / alternative energy).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Concept of renewable (alternative) energy sources.</li> <li>2. Appearance of the terms “unusual energy sources”, “new energy sources” in the practice of ECOSOC since 1959.</li> <li>3. International legal categorization of renewable (alternative) energy sources.</li> <li>4. Brief description of methods stimulation of the use of RES in different regions of the world (EU, USA, Canada, Russian Federation).</li> <li>5. International organizations in the area of renewable (alternative) energy sources.</li> <li>6. Involvement of large financial business entities in the development of RES, on the example of Tesla, Google, and their cooperation with international organizations interested in the development of RES.</li> <li>7. RES and human rights. RES and the Sustainable Development Goals 2030.</li> </ol>
Section 7. Protection of atmosphere and International law.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Topical aspects of the protection of the atmosphere.</li> <li>2. 1985 Vienna Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer and 1987 Montreal Protocol.</li> <li>3. 1992 United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and its Additional Protocols.</li> <li>4. “Kigali Amendment”. Appendix 16 “Environmental protection. Volume II. Aircraft engine emissions” to the 1944 Convention on International Civil Aviation.</li> <li>5. 1979 Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution and its Protocols.</li> <li>6. 2007 Space Debris Mitigation Guidelines of the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space.</li> </ol>
Section 8. Artificial Intelligence and International Law	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The concept of "artificial intelligence" in international and domestic law;</li> <li>2. Types and categories of artificial intelligence systems;</li> <li>3. The problem of the legal personality of artificial intelligence;</li> <li>4. Acts of international intergovernmental organizations on the use of artificial intelligence;</li> </ol>

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<b>CONTENTS OF CPURSE</b>	
<b>Section</b>	<b>Topics</b>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. Consequences of the use of artificial intelligence systems within the framework of international law;</li> <li>6. Artificial intelligence and international human rights law;</li> <li>7. Artificial intelligence and international humanitarian law;</li> <li>8. Artificial intelligence and international space law.</li> </ol>
Section 9. The evolution of human rights in World Health Organization policy and the future of human rights through global health governance.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Preconditions for emergence and creation of an international health care system.</li> <li>2. Formation of the concept of the right to health as an inalienable human right.</li> <li>3. Concept, structure, and content of the right to health. The notion of “health” and its criteria.</li> <li>4. Determination of legal content of the concept of the “right to healthcare”.</li> <li>5. International legal acts regulating the human right to health. International legal regulation of the human right to health at the universal and regional levels.</li> <li>6. Limitation of human rights and freedoms as a preventive measure to protect public health.</li> <li>7. Main directions and issues of international legal cooperation between states in the area of health protection in modern conditions.</li> </ol>
Section 10. International legal regulation of cryptocurrencies and other Blockchain technologies.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The concept of Blockchain.</li> <li>2. The concept of “cryptocurrency”.</li> <li>3. Legal regulation of Blockchain technologies by the example of the European Union.</li> <li>4. UNCITRAL and smart contracts.</li> <li>5. The current state of international legal regulation of Blockchain technologies.</li> </ol>
Section 11. New aspects of the development of modern International humanitarian law.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The concept of international humanitarian law (IHL).</li> <li>2. Sources of IHL.</li> <li>3. “Law of Geneva”, “Law of Hague”.</li> <li>4. Scope of the IHL.</li> <li>5. Types of armed conflicts subject to IHL.</li> <li>6. International armed conflicts.</li> <li>7. Non-international armed conflicts.</li> <li>8. Parties to armed conflicts and third states.</li> <li>9. International legal status of participants in armed conflicts.</li> <li>10. International legal protection of victims of armed conflicts.</li> <li>11. Prohibited means and methods of warfare.</li> <li>12. Trends in the development of international humanitarian law.</li> </ol>
Section 12. Limitation of human rights in view of modern challenges and threats.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Evolution of human rights.</li> <li>2. The concept and grounds of permissible human rights limitation, including the problem of derogation from fulfilment of obligations to protect human rights in light of an emergency situation in a state.</li> </ol>

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<b>CONTENTS OF CPURSE</b>	
<b>Section</b>	<b>Topics</b>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Criteria for limiting human rights in judicial practice and international legal documents.</li> <li>4. Limitation of human rights within the European system for human rights protection.</li> <li>5. The problem of human rights protection in the light of the fight against terrorism and other contemporary challenges and threats.</li> </ol>
Section 13. Modern technologies and international law of the sea.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The provisions of the 1982 UN Convention on the Law of the Sea, the 1973 International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, and the 1974 International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea on the notions of “sea vessel”, “crew of a sea vessel”.</li> <li>2. Potential problems when using: floating nuclear power plants; floating oil and gas installations; autonomous sea vessels.</li> <li>3. Most effective methods for solving problems in the use of new technological types of sea vessels and installations.</li> </ol>
Section 14. International criminal justice bodies and the SDGs.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. International crimes.</li> <li>2. International Military Tribunal (Nuremberg).</li> <li>3. International Military Tribunal for the Far East (Tokyo).</li> <li>4. International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia.</li> <li>5. International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda.</li> <li>6. International Criminal Court (ICC).</li> <li>7. Problem of immunities from international criminal jurisdiction.</li> <li>8. Problem of immunities in the practice of the ICC.</li> </ol>

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«International Law: Issues of Migration and Asylum / Международное право: вопросы миграции и убежища»
<b>Объём дисциплины, 3E/ак.ч.</b>	4/144
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Раздел 1. International legal regulation of migration: the sources, mechanisms. Specific issues of international legal cooperation in the field of migration.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Migration as a subject of international legal regulation.</li> <li>2. Statistics of migration.</li> <li>3. Migration and SDGs.</li> <li>4. Sources of international legal regulation of migration and their system.</li> <li>5. Mechanisms of international legal regulation of migration.</li> <li>6. International legal protection of the rights of migrants.</li> <li>7. Development of international legal migration management at the regional level.</li> </ol>

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«International Law: Issues of Migration and Asylum / Международное право: вопросы миграции и убежища»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	4/144
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Раздел 2. International legal protection of refugees and other groups of forced migrants.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. International legal protection of refugees, genesis and sources.</li> <li>2. Definition of a refugee: inclusion clauses.</li> <li>3. Definition of a refugee: exclusion clauses.</li> <li>4. Definition of a refugee: cessation clauses.</li> <li>5. Status of refugees in accordance with international law, including the <i>non-refoulement</i> principle.</li> <li>6. Complementary protection.</li> <li>7. International law and internally displaced persons.</li> </ol>

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«Protection of Human Rights in the UN System»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак. ч</b>	3/108
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Section 1. Human rights in the history of international relations and international law	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The notion of human rights. The origins of human rights. Classification of human rights. Generations of human rights. National law on protection of human rights and international human rights law: interdependence and interrelation.</li> <li>2. Normative consolidation of human rights in international legal acts within the framework of the League of Nations. League of Nations minority protection system. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE).</li> </ol>
Section 2. UN Charter and the principle of respect for and protection of human rights. International Bill of Human Rights. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 (ICCPR)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The UN Charter: drafting and adoption. Purposes and principles of the Charter. Binding nature of the UN Charter provisions.</li> <li>2. International Bill of Human Rights: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2.1. History of adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948, and its significance for the development of international law. Legal Content.</li> <li>2.2. History of adoption of the ICCPR and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966 (ICESCR). Basic civil and political rights in the ICCPR. Human Rights Committee as monitoring body of the ICCPR. Optional Protocols to the ICCPR.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Section 3. International Bill of Human Rights: legal content. International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. International Bill of Human Rights: Economic, social and cultural rights in the system of main human rights. The list of economic, social and cultural rights enshrined in the ICESCR. Obligations imposed by the Covenant on State Parties.</li> <li>2. The Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights as a monitoring body of the ICESCR. Adoption of</li> </ol>

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	the 2008 Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.
Section 4. The International Conferences on Human Rights and their outcomes	International Conference on Human Rights, Teheran, 1968. Final Act of the International Conference on Human Rights, Teheran, 1968. World Conference on Human Rights, Vienna, 1993. Millennium Summit, 2000. Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). Post 2015 agenda. Sustainable development goals.
Section 5. The competence of the principal organs of the UN and of the specialized agencies of the UN to protect human rights	1. The main UN bodies: status and powers in the field of human rights (General Assembly, Security Council, ECOSOC, ICJ, Secretariat). 2. UN specialized agencies in the human rights protection system (human rights protection within: UNESCO, WIPO, WHO, ILO, UN Specialized Financial Institutions).
Section 6. The competence of the subsidiary human rights organs of the UN	1. Activities of the Commission on Human Rights and the Sub-Commission on the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights. Legal and political reasons for the reform of the UN human rights mechanism. 2. Powers and activities of the UN Human Rights Council and its Advisory Committee. Universal periodic Review mechanism. The procedure for consideration of individual complaints. 3. United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights.
Section 7. Core international human rights treaties and their monitoring mechanisms - human rights treaty bodies	International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women and its Optional Protocol. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment and its Optional Protocol. The Convention on the Rights of the Child and its Optional Protocols. International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families. International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance. Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.
Section 8. Responsibility for violations of human rights	1. International crimes: concept and types. International Criminal Court. Concept “Responsibility to protect.” Responsibility of States for human rights violations. 2. International fact-finding mechanisms dealing with human rights violations. 4. Extraterritorial application of human rights. Business and human rights.

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Section 9. National mechanisms for the protection of human rights	Provisions of international human rights instruments in the national legal systems. Domestic remedies. National human rights institutions and the 1993 Principles relating to the Status of National Institutions The role of NGOs in the promotion and protection of human rights at the national level.
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<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«Human Rights Treaty Bodies / Договорные органы по правам человека»
<b>Объем дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак. ч</b>	4/144

**СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ**

<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Section 1. Conceptual and normative basis of the work of the treaty bodies in the institutional human rights system	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Review of the fundamental rights and freedoms set up in the international human rights treaties over which the TB exercise their monitoring work.</li> <li>2. Review of the provisions of the Optional protocols establishing additional substantive rights coming under the purview of TBs; review of the provisions of Optional protocols which establish Treaty Bodies or provide for their competences.</li> </ol>
Section 2. Human rights treaty bodies: establishment, membership, competencies	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The specifics of the Human Rights Treaty Bodies establishment.</li> <li>2. The process of election and the status of the Human Rights Treaty Bodies members.</li> <li>3. Functions and competencies of the Human Rights Treaty Bodies.</li> <li>4. Human Rights Treaty Bodies and the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights.</li> </ol>
Section 3. Procedure of consideration of periodic reports by human rights treaty bodies and individual communication by human rights treaty bodies	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The preparation and consideration of periodic reports by States. Differences between the “initial” and “periodic” report. Simplified reporting procedure.</li> <li>2. The individual complaint procedure within the treaty bodies system. The admissibility criteria for the submission of individual complaints within the HRTBs system. Opinions of the HRTBs on individual complaints and their legal force.</li> <li>3. Procedure for the consideration of interstate communications.</li> </ol>
Section 4. Legal nature of the outcome documents of the human rights treaty bodies and their legal status in national legal systems	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Legal Nature of and recommendations contained in concluding observations issued by the HRTBs on periodic state reports. Main challenges. Legal Nature of Opinions of the HRTBs on individual complaints.</li> <li>2. The legal nature and content of General Comments of the HRTBs. The weight of the interpretation given by the UN HRTBs.</li> <li>3. The procedure of inquiry, on-site visits, Follow-up measures and the process of implementation of TB recommendations.</li> </ol>
Section 5. Cooperation of the human rights treaty bodies with the	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The NHRIs and the NGOs. Participation of NHRI and NGOs in the work of the human rights treaty bodies. The</li> </ol>

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national human rights institutions (NHRI), non-governmental organisations (NGOs), the OHCHR and the UN Human Rights Council	<p>role of the NGOs in the development of new international human rights standards, as well as in the ratification / accession of States to existing international human rights conventions.</p> <p>2. The interaction of the Treaty Bodies with the Human Rights Council (Special Procedures and UPR) and the OHCHR.</p> <p>3. Representatives of the UN specialized agencies participate in the session of the Human Rights Treaty Bodies.</p>
Section 6. HRTBs Mooting seminar	1. Simulation of a fictional dispute between an individual and a State before the HRTB, the quasi-judicial organ of the United Nations.

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«The Right to Health in International Law»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Раздел 1. The conceptual framework of the right to health in international law	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Historical backgrounds for the international legal consolidation of the right to health.</li> <li>2. Peculiarities of international legal consolidation of the right to health in international human rights law.</li> </ol>
Раздел 2. International and legal consolidation of the right to health at the universal, regional and national level	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8. The practice of the human rights treaty bodies in the field of protection of the right to health.</li> <li>9. Protection of the right to health in the European Court of Human Rights.</li> <li>10. The right to health and scientific and technological progress.</li> </ol>
Раздел 3. International cooperation of states in the field of ensuring the right to health	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. WHO's contribution to the development of health policies and action programs.</li> <li>2. The nature of international obligations and international legal criteria for the realization of the right to health.</li> </ol>

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«International Labour Rights in the Global Economy / Международное трудовое право и глобальная экономика»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Раздел 1. Labour rights and the global economy. International labour law in the system of public international law.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11. Genesis of the content and features of international labor law as a part of contemporary public international law. Interaction between international labor law and other branches of public international law.</li> <li>12. Key actors that have international legal rights and obligations in the field of labor and employment.</li> <li>13. International Labour Organization (ILO)</li> </ol>

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<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«International Labour Rights in the Global Economy / Международное трудовое право и глобальная экономика»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	2/72
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Раздел 2. ILO.	8. ILO: history, centenary, principle of tripartism. 9. International legal framework of the ILO activities. 10. Specifics of law-making at the ILO. 11. Monitoring by the ILO.
Раздел 3. International cooperation on the protection of labour rights.	3. Approaches to the system of human rights at work. 4. Human rights at work and the ILO: fundamental rights at work. 5. Human rights at work and the ILO: protection of certain groups of persons in the field of labour; protection of certain rights at work. 6. Human rights at work and the UN. 7. Interaction between the UN and ILO in protection of labour rights.
Раздел 4. International civil service	1. International civil service: notion, basic principles. 2. International civil service at the UN.

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«Human Rights, SDGs and Challenges of the XXI Century / Права человека, Цели в области устойчивого развития и вызовы XXI века»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	3/108
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Part I. SDGs and Human rights.	Topic 1.1. Human rights, SDGs and migration.
	Topic 1.2. SDGs and developing countries.
	Topic 1.3. Health, human rights and SDGs.
Part II. Climate change, disasters, and SDGs. International economic law and SDGs.	Topic 2.1. Reducing inequality and SDGs.
	Topic 2.2. Energy and SDGs.
	Topic 2.3. International economic law and SDGs.

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«International Business and Human Rights / Международный бизнес и права человека»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	3/108
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
	Topic 1.1. International standards concerning human rights protection in international business.



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<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«International Business and Human Rights / Международный бизнес и права человека»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	3/108
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Part I. The modern trends of the human rights development in the sphere of international business.	Topic 1.2. Participants of human rights protection in the sphere of international business.
Part II. Human rights protection in the sphere of international business within the UN.	Topic 2.1. Guiding Principles for the implementation of the UN Framework “Framework “Protect, Respect and Remedy” 2011.
	Topic 2.2. Reports by John Ruggie to Human Rights Council.
	Topic 2.3. Consultations, meetings and workshops carried out the UN Secretary-General's Special Representative on business and human rights.
Part III. The UN activity concerning human rights protection in the sphere of international business at regional level.	Topic 3.1. Council of Europe and human rights protection in the sphere of international business.
	Topic 3.2. Case law on human rights protection in the sphere of international business.

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«Discrimination and Gender Issues in Contemporary International Law / Дискриминация и гендерные вопросы в современном международном праве»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	4/144
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Раздел 1. Discrimination: notion, significance for international law, sources.	14. Notion of discrimination and its genesis. 15. 'Just' and 'justice' in basic international treaties. 16. Sources of international law on the topic of discrimination. Definitions of discrimination in international treaties and declarations.
Раздел 2. Racial discrimination: instruments and mechanisms of international cooperation.	12. Racial discrimination, its definition and sources of law. 13. Mechanisms of international cooperation to eliminate racial discrimination. 14. Durban process. Its substance and challenges.
Раздел 3. Other grounds of discrimination and international instruments and mechanisms to eliminate it.	Possible grounds (2 to be settled with students) include, but are not limited to: 8. Discrimination on basis of age. 9. Discrimination on basis of religion. 10. Discrimination on basis of family responsibilities. 11. Discrimination of migrants and refugees. 12. Discrimination of roma. 13. Discrimination of persons with disabilities.

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<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«Discrimination and Gender Issues in Contemporary International Law / Дискриминация и гендерные вопросы в современном международном праве»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак.ч.</b>	4/144
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Раздел 4. Gender issues in contemporary international law: protection of women's rights, empowerment of women.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Sex and gender: genesis of social thought and its implications on the idea of a person, of a human.</li> <li>4. Genesis of women's empowerment from the legal perspective.</li> <li>5. Main instruments and mechanisms for protection of women's rights.</li> </ol>
Раздел 5. Gender issues in contemporary international law: LGBT and human rights protection; men and human rights protection.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Medical prerequisites for evaluation of the LGBT phenomenon and their changes.</li> <li>2. Human rights of LGBT-persons and limits of the rights.</li> <li>3. Right 'to have' a child from the perspective of international law.</li> <li>4. Men and human rights protection.</li> </ol>
Раздел 6. Freedom and responsibility, rights and duties in context of human rights protection.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Duties in the human rights context.</li> <li>2. Ultimate goal and prerequisite of human rights protection.</li> </ol>

<b>Наименование дисциплины</b>	«Inter-American System of Human Rights»
<b>Объём дисциплины, ЗЕ/ак. ч</b>	4/144
<b>СОДЕРЖАНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ</b>	
<b>Разделы</b>	<b>Темы</b>
Section 1. Integration process in Americas and the Creation of the Organization of American States (OAS)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Background on human rights protection in Americas. Creation of the OAS. OAS Charter and the Protocols to the Charter. Main Organs of the OAS. Structures of the OAS. Functions of the OAS. Competences of the OAS.</li> <li>2. Main documents of the Inter-American system of Human Rights protection. History of adoption and legal content.</li> <li>3. Regional instruments for the protection and promotion of human rights. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3.1. Inter-American Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Torture, 1985;</li> <li>3.2. Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Elimination and Punishment of Violence against Women (Convention of Belen do Para), 1994;</li> <li>3.3. Inter-American Convention on Enforced Disappearance of Persons, 1994;</li> <li>3.4. Inter-American Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against persons with disabilities 1999;</li> <li>3.5. Inter-American Democratic Charter, 2001.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

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<p>Section II. Inter-American Commission on human rights (IACHR)</p>	<p>1. Creation of the IACHR. Status and objectives of the establishment of the IACHR (Protocols to the Charter of the OAS; procedure for the formation of the IACHR. Commissioners of the IACHR; the main functions of the IACHR. 2. Complaint procedure of the IACHR. 3. Special Procedures of the IACHR. 4. Case law of the IACHR.</p>
<p>Section III. Inter-American Court of human rights (IACtHR)</p>	<p>1. Creation of the IACtHR. Status and objectives of the establishment of the IACtHR. The American Convention on Human Rights and the IACtHR. Procedure for the formation of the IACtHR, procedure for the election of the IACtHR judges. Main functions of the IACtHR. 2. Advisory and contentious jurisdiction of the IACtHR. Interaction between the Court and IACHR and other organs of the OAS. 3. Case law of Inter-American Court of Human Rights on Environment and Indigenous People. 4. Case law of Inter-American Court of Human Rights on the Right to life, personal integrity and enforced disappearance of persons.</p>
<p>Section. IV. Comparing Inter-American system of human rights protection to universal and other regional human rights systems</p>	<p>Inter-American system of human rights protection and other regional human rights systems: African system of human rights and European human rights system. Inter-American system of human rights protection and Universal protection of human rights (UN systems of human rights protection).</p>

**РУКОВОДИТЕЛЬ ОП ВО:**

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кафедры международного права



Емельянова Н.Н.

Должность, БУП

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Фамилия И.О.