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ФИО: Ястребов Оле **F** decraps State Autonomous Educational Institution of Higher Education Должность: Ректор Дата подписания: **PEOPLES** FRIENDSHIP UNIVERSITY OF RUSSIA NAMED AFTER

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PATRICE LUMUMBA RUDN University

Law Institute
Educational Division
COURSE SYLLABUS
Comparative Financial and Tax Law
(Course title)
(======)
Recommended by the Didactic Council for the Education Field
40.03.01 Law
field of studies / speciality code and title
The course instruction is implemented within the professional educati
programme of higher education:

Bachelor of Laws (LLB)

higher education programme profile/specialisation title

### 1. COURSE GOAL(s)

The main purpose is to introduce students to the basics of financial, tax and budgetary law in foreign countries; to teach how to apply the comparative legal method of analyzing public finances; to form a complete picture of the legal regulation of public finances in foreign countries as far as students' awareness and understanding are concerned.

## 2. REQUIREMENTS FOR LEARNING OUTCOMES

Mastering the course is aimed at the Bachelor's students' formation of the following competencies (part of competencies):

*Table 2.1. List of competences that students acquire through the course study* 

Competence Code	Competence descriptor	Competence formation indicators (within this course)
GPC-1	Can analyze the main patterns of formation, implementation and development of law.	GPC-1.1. Knows the basics of the history of law, its nature and patterns;  GPC-1.2. Uses legal methodology in order to analyze the main patterns of formation, implementation and development of law;  GPC-1.3. Formulates and explains their position to
GPC-2	Can apply the norms of substantive and procedural law to solve professional problems	complete professional tasks using relevant legal information  GPC-2.1. Knows the system of branches, institutions and sources of law, understands the specifics of implementation and interaction of norms of substantive and procedural law;
GPC-8	Can obtain relevant legal information in a purposeful and efficient way from various sources, including legal databases, to complete specific professional tasks using information technology and considering information security requirements.	GPC-8.1. Can obtain relevant legal information from various sources, including legal databases, processes and arranges it based on the goal; GPC-8.2. Uses information technology to complete specific professional tasks; GPC-8.3. Demonstrates the readiness to complete professional tasks while considering information security
PC-1	Can draft regulatory acts, formulate legal norms for various levels of rulemaking and areas of professional activity.	requirements.  PC-1.1. Identifies the societal need for legal regulations of public relations in a particular area as well as gaps and conflicts in the current legislation and has the tools to overcome and eliminate them;
PC-5	Is able to apply the comparative legal method and use the knowledge of foreign legal systems in practice.	PC-5.1. Knows the specifics of the comparative legal method and the features of its use in legal practice; PC-5.2. Knows the specifics of the legal systems, judicial systems, the legal profession structure in the major countries and the main trends of law development in the modern world; PC-5.3. Can use the comparative legal method to identify general and specific features of the compared objects and search for unified legal solutions; PC-5.4. Masters the skills of using the comparative legal method and the results of comparative legal research when comparing various legal solutions and deciding on best practice, considering the international experience.

### 3.COURSE IN HIGHER EDUCATION PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

The course refers to the variable component of (B1) block of the higher educational programme curriculum.

Within the higher education programme students also master other (modules) and / or internships that contribute to the achievement of the expected learning outcomes as results of the course study.

Table 3.1. The list of the higher education programme components/disciplines that contribute to the achievement of the expected learning outcomes as the course study results

Competence Code	Competence descriptor	Previous courses/modules*	Subsequent courses/modules*
GPC-1	Can analyze the main patterns of formation, implementation and development of law.	Civil Law Civil and Arbitration Procedure International Public Law	Labor Law International Private Law Commercial Law and Corporations
GPC-2	Can apply the norms of substantive and procedural law to solve professional problems	Administrative Law Civil Law Civil and Arbitration Procedure Financial Law and Tax Law International Public Law	Labor Law International Private Law Commercial Law and Corporations
GPC-8	Can obtain relevant legal information in a purposeful and efficient way from various sources, including legal databases, to complete specific professional tasks using information technology and considering information security requirements.	Information Technologies in Legal Practice (Fundamentals of Legal Tech) Civil and Arbitration Procedure Financial Law and Tax Law	Labor Law International Private Law Commercial Law and Corporations
PC-1	Can draft regulatory acts, formulate legal norms for various levels of rulemaking and areas of professional activity.	Comparative Civil Procedure Comparative Criminal Procedure	Labor Law International Private Law Commercial Law and Corporations
PC-5	Is able to apply the comparative legal method and use the knowledge of foreign legal systems in practice.	Comparing Legal Techniques Comparative Criminal Procedure Comparative Civil Procedure Critical Approaches to Current Legal Issues	Communications and Internet Law and Policy

<sup>\* -</sup> filled in based on the competency matrix

#### 4. COURSE WORKLOAD AND ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES

1) The total workload of the course is 3 credits (108 academic hours)

Table 4.1. Types of academic activities during the periods of higher education programme mastering (full-time training)\*

Types of academic activities		TOTAL,	Semester / Module		ule	
		academic	A	В	C	D
		hours				
Contact academic hours		20				20
Lectures (LC)		5				5
Seminars (workshops/tutorials) (S)		15				15
Self-studies		70				70
Evaluation and assessment (exam or pass/fail grading)		18				18
Course Workload	academic	108				108
	hours					
	credits	3				3

## **5. COURSE CONTENTS**

Table 5.1. Course contents and academic activities types

	Course module contents (topics)	Academic
Course module title		activities types
Historical evolution of	Topic 1.1. The growing role of the state in the economic life	LC
financial law institutions	of society. The emergence of the institution of the budget in	S
	the UK and the development of its principles in European	
	history.	
	Growing role of the state in the economic life of society.	
	Emergence of budget institution in the UK.	
	Development of budgeting principles in European history.	
	Topic 1.2. Economic and legal definition of the budget.	LC
	Changes in its definition along with the country	S
	development (France as an example).	
	Topic 1.3. Budget structures in different countries. Budget	LC
	structure main parts (revenues and expenses) and their	S
	relationship.	
Development of budgetary	Topic 2.1. Economic and legal definition of the budget.	LC
law.	Changes in its definition along with the country	S
Basic definitions and	development (France as an example).	
principles.	Topic 2.2. Budget structures in different countries.	
Budget structure of	Expenses and revenues and their relationship as a main part	
developed countries	of the budget	
Rights of parliament and	Topic 3.1. Role of Legislative and Executive Bodies in	LC
government in the budget		S
implementation	Debate and approval of the budget in Parliament.	5
Implementation	Rights and duties of parliament (example of various	
	countries).	
	Topic 3.2. Execution of the budget and preparation of a	
	report on its implementation. Budget control. Financial	
	control, its performers and their functions.	
History of taxation	Topic 4.1. Stages of taxation development in the world.	LC
development.	Basic taxes, their types and classification.	S
Taxation system and its	Personal income tax.	
classification.	Income tax (exemptions and deductions for example in	
Taxation system in the	different countries).	

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USA, Great Britain,	Taxes on the capital of legal entities.	
France, Germany.	Capital gains tax.	
	Topic 4.2. Taxation system in the USA, Great Britain,	
	France, Germany.	
Taxation system of China,	Topic 5.1. The tax system of China.	LC
EU and other countries	Taxation system in developing countries.	S
Lo and other countries	Sharia taxes in the Arab countries.	5
	Features of taxation in Asia, Africa and Latin America.	
	The historical evolution of financial law in EU.	
	Topic 5.2. The Gross National Income (GNI)-based	
	contributions from EU Member States	
	Replacement of member countries' contributions with their	
	own revenues.	
	The procedure for a lump sum payment of an EU member	
	state.	
	Income tax for employees of European Community bodies.	
	Programs and prospects for tax harmonization in the EU	
Historical evolution of	Topic 6.1.	LC
banking.	Status of banking houses, mutual, commercial and imperial	S
Central bank and its legal	banks.	_
status.	The historical evolution of central banks in the UK, Holland,	
Banking system of	France and other countries	
England, France, USA,	Legal status of central banks in developed countries.	
Germany and China.	Trends in the development of banking in the 21st century.	
Germany and Cinna.	Topic 6.2. Banking systems of England, France and	
	Germany, their differences and specifics. Structure and	
	competencies of US Federal Reserve System.	
	China's banking system, its historical evolution, current	
1. 1.	trends and prospects	T C
International Development	Topic 7.1. Emergence and formation of international	LC
Banks.	development banks (IDBs).	S
Islamic banks.	Operation of the IBIs in Asia, Africa and Latin America.	
Peculiarities of banking	IBRF and IMF and their institutions (World Bank).	
systems in developing	Competencies and problems of IBRF and IMF	
countries.	Topic 7.2. Islamic banks. The specifics of the conclusion of	
	the contract and the payment of income. Their cooperation	
	with other systems. Banking systems in developing	
	countries.	
State regulation of	Topic 8.1. What areas of insurance activity are regulated by	LC
commercial insurance		S
management in developed	,	S
countries.	state today.	
State regulation of social	1 1	
insurance in foreign	insurance in foreign countries.	
countries		
	Il time education: I.C., lectures: I.W., laboratory work: S., seminars	

<sup>\* -</sup> filled in only for full-time education: LC - lectures; LW - laboratory work; S - seminars.

# 6. CLASSROOM EQUIPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

Table 6.1. Classroom equipment and technology support requirements

Type of	Classroom equipment	Specialised educational / laboratory
academic activities		equipment, software, and materials
activities		for coursestudy (if necessary)
Lecture	A lecture hall for lecture-type	A set of specialized furniture; technical
Lecture	classes, equipped with a set of	means:
	specialised furniture; board (screen)	Monoblock
	and technical means of multimedia	Multimedia projector
	presentations.	Screen for projector
	presentations	Marker board
		WiFi
Lab work	A classroom for laboratory work,	A set of specialized furniture; technical
	individual consultations, current	means:
	and mid-term assessment; equipped	Monoblock
	with a set of specialised furniture	Multimedia projector
	and machinery.	Screen for projector
		Marker board
		WiFi
Seminar	A classroom for conducting	A set of specialized furniture; technical
	seminars, group and individual	means:
	consultations, current andmid-term	Monoblock
	assessment; equipped with a set of	Multimedia projector
	specialised furniture and technical	Screen for projector
	means for multimedia	Marker board
C 1 - 1	presentations.	WiFi, specialized software: Trados
Computer Lab	A classroom for conducting classes,	A set of specialized furniture; technical
	group and individual consultations, current and mid-term assessment,	means: Monoblock
	equipped with personal computers	Multimedia projector
	(in the amount of 30 pcs), a board	Screen for projector
	(screen) and technical means of	Marker board
	multimedia presentations.	WiFi
Self-studies	Aclassroom for independent work	A set of specialized furniture; technical
	of students (can be used for	means:
	seminars and consultations),	Monoblock
	equipped with a set of specialised	Multimedia projector
	furniture and computers with access	Screen for projector
	to the electronic information and	Marker board
	educational environment.	WiFi

<sup>\* -</sup> It is necessary to specify a classroom for self-study of students

## 7. RESOURCES RECOMMENDED FOR COURSE STUDY

Main readings:

1. Brehon N.-J. Le Budget de l'Europe. – Paris, L.G.D.J., 1997.

- 2. Buckley R.P. The International Financial System: Policy and Regulation, Kluwer Law International, 2009.
- 3. Davies H., Green D. Global Financial Regulation, Polity, 2008.
- 4. Giovanoli M. International Monetary Law: Issues for the New Millennium, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- 5. Joseph J. Norton. International Financial Law, an increasingly important component of International Economic Law // Michigan Journal of International Law, Winter 1999.
- 6. Laboni E. Lo scambio internazionale di merci e valute nell diritto pubblico dell'economia, Frosinone, Italia, 1991.

### Additional readings:

- 1. Klein W.A., Coffee J.C. Business Organization and Finance: Legal and Economic Principles, 7 ed., N-Y, Foundation Press, 2000.
- 2. Mann F.F. The Legal Aspect of Money, 5 ed., Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1992.
- 3. Newcombe A., Paradell L. Law and Practice of Investment Treaties: Standards of Treatment, Kluwer Law International, 2009.
- 4. Sornaraja M. The International Law of Foreign Investment, London, 1994.

### *Internet-(based) sources:*

- 1. Electronic libraries with access for RUDN students
- RUDN Electronic library system http://lib.rudn.ru/MegaPro/Web
- Electronic library system «University Library online» http://www.biblioclub.ru
- Electronic Library «URAIT» <a href="http://www.biblio-online.ru">http://www.biblio-online.ru</a>
- Electronic library system «Student. Consultant» www.studentlibrary.ru
- Electronic library system «Lan» <a href="http://e.lanbook.com/">http://e.lanbook.com/</a>
- Electronic library system "Troitskyi most"
- 2. Databases and search engines:
- Electronic Legal and Regulatory Documentation Fund <a href="http://docs.cntd.ru/">http://docs.cntd.ru/</a>
- Search system Yandex https://www.yandex.ru/
- Search system Google https://www.google.ru/
- SCOPUS http://www.elsevierscience.ru/products/scopus/

Training toolkit for self- studies to master the course \*:

\* The training toolkit for self- studies to master the course is placed on the course page in the university telecommunication training and information system under the set procedure.

## 8. ASSESSMENT TOOLKIT AND GRADING SYSTEM\* FOR EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' COMPETENCES LEVELUPON COURSECOMPLETION

The assessment toolkit and the grading system\* to evaluate the competences formation level (competences in part) upon the course study completion are specified in the Appendix to the course syllabus.

\* The assessment toolkit and the grading system are formed on the basis of the requirements of the relevant local normative act of RUDN University (regulations / order).

DEVELOPER	S:
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