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(RUDN University)

ANNOTATION OF DISCIPLINES (MODULES)

The study of the discipline is conducted as part of the professional program of higher education.

Engineering Management

(name (track/specialization) of professional program of higher education)

training program/specialty:

38.04.02 Management

(field of studies / specialty code and title)

Disciplines (modules) are studied as part of the Engineering Management professional program of higher education, 38.04.02 Management

Name of the Discipline	Managerial Economics	
The volume of discipline,	3/108	
credits/academic hours		
DISCIPLINE CONTENT		
Sections	Subjects	
Section 1. Introduction. Economics and Managerial Decision-making.	Subject 1. Introduction. 1. Economics and Managerial Decision-making. 2. The Concept of Managerial Economics. 3. Economic Theory and Managerial Economics Analytical Tools. Managerial Economics and the World Economy.	
Section 2. Theory of Consumer Behavior and Market Demand	 Subject 2. Consumer Preferences and Choices Demand Analysis and Consumer Behavior. Axioms of Consumer Choice. Utility Function and its Types. Budget Constraint. Plotting of Income-Consumption Curves and Engel Curves for Different Categories of Economic Goods. Income and Substitution Effects (Hicks and Slutsky Methods). Subject 3. Individual and Market Demand. Demands' Elasticity. Individual and Market Demand. Demands' Elasticity upon a price. Factors. Price elasticity. Arc Elasticity. Demands' Elasticity by Income, Cross Elasticity of Demand by Price. The Surplus (Benefit) of the Consumer. 	

Section 3. Theory of Production, Costs, Profits and Market Supply. Market Structures.	 Subject 4. The Company and its Goals. Classification of Companies. Organizational and Legal forms. Economic and Non-economic Goals of the Company and the Best Possible Decision-Making. Supply's Elasticity. Surplus (Rent) of the Manufacturer. Subject 5. Company. Assessment of Production and Costs. Production Function. The Limiting Function of Technological Substitution. Theory and Cost Estimation: Short-term and Long-term Period. Profit Maximization and the Supply of a Competitive Company. Subject 6. Market Structures. Decisions on Pricing Policy and Production Output: Perfect Competition. Decisions on Pricing Policy and Production Output: Monopoly. Types of Discriminatory Pricing. Decisions on Pricing Policy and Production Output:
Section 4. Development of a Solution in the Context of Uncertainty of Risk and Information Asymmetry.	Subject 7. Risk and Uncertainty Analysis. The concept of certainty and uncertainty. Causes and consequences of incomplete information. Decision-making under risk conditions (estimated cost, risk measurement, risk adjustment, decision tree). Development of a Solution in the conditions of uncertainty.
Section 5. Production Factor Markets.	Subject 8. A Company in the Resource Market. 1. The Market and the Company as Alternative Forms of Interaction. The reasons for the Company Emergence. The Boundaries of the Company. 2. Labor. Labor Supply (dependence on wages, non-payroll payments, restrictions on working hours, etc.). 3. Information Asymmetry on the Labor Market. Signaling. 4. Capital. Intertemporal Choice.

Section 6.	State, Society	and	Subject 9. Asymmetry of Information and Managerial
Managerial	,		Decisions. The Theory of "Principal-Agent" and the Drafting
company.			of Managerial Decisions.
r. r. J.			1. Markets with Asymmetric Information. Insurance and
			Moral Hazard.
			2. The "Principal-Agent" Situation.
			3. The Impact of Risk on the "Principal-Agent"
			Interaction.
			Subject 10. Institutional Aspects of the Market Economy.
			Public Choice.
			1. External Effects. Taxes and Subsidies.
			2. Public Goods. The Problem of the Stowaway.
			3. Problems of Public Choice.
			5. I footenis of I dolle Choice.

Name of the Discipline	Methodology of Management Problems Research
The volume of discipline, credits/	/academic 3/108
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Management System as an Object of Research Methodology.	The concept and practical content of the research methodology. The object and subject of the research. The concept and classification of systems. Conceptual apparatus and ways to improve the system.
2. Research as an Integral Part of Management.	The research levels and stages. Problems and types of research. Approaches to the management systems research. The functional role of management systems research.
3.The Main Methodological Provisions of the Management Systems Research.	Classification and composition of methods for the management systems research. The concept and development of a hypothesis for the management systems research.
4. Logical-Intuitive Methods of Management Systems Research.	The brainstorming method. The scripting method. The expert assessments method. Synectics as a method of management systems research. The Delphi method. The goal tree method. Morphological methods.

5. Empirical Methods of	Socio-economic experiments.
Management Systems Research.	The experiment method.
	The observation method.
	The survey method.
6. Specific Methods of	Methods of documents study.
Management Systems Research.	Methods of sociological management research.
	Testing method.
	Methods of expert assessments and SWOT analysis in the
	management systems research.
	The method of studying the factors interaction.
7. Models of Decision Theory.	The essence and significance of modeling the processes of
	management decisions development.
	Types of decision theory models.
	The basic decision-making model.
	Decision factors (determinants) as target management
	components.
8. Methods of Development and	Classification of Managerial Decision-making.
Managerial Decision-making.	Methods used at the stage of problems determination.
	Methods of generating alternatives. Creativity as the basis for
	developing non-standard (unique) solutions.
	Methods applied at the evaluation stage and alternatives
	selection.
	Methods of solution implementation and control.
	r
9. Planning, Organization,	
Technology and Efficiency of	
Management Problems	Descends are grown and alon
Research. Diagnostics of	Research program and plan.
management systems.	Organization of research: terms, requirements, types. Management systems research technology.
	Efficiency of management systems research: factors and
	principles of assurance.
	Diagnostics of the organization's management system.

Name of the Discipline	Management Organization Theory	
The volume of discipline, credits/a	academic 3/108	
hours		
DISCIPLINE CONTENT		
Sections	Subjects	
1. The Basics of	The Basics of Organizational Behavior Theory. Theories	
Organizational Behavior	of organization and organizational behavior of people. The	
Theory.	subject of the theory of organizational behavior as part of	
2. Personality in the	the theory of organization. The concept, genesis and goals	
Organization, Staff Motivation.	of organizational behavior. Interdisciplinary nature of the	
,	theory of organizational behavior. Fundamental concepts of	
3. Conflict	organizational behavior. Elements of the organizational	

Management in Organization.

4. Corporate Culture, **Formation**

of Corporate Behavior.

behavior system. Models of organizational behavior. Modern problems of higher education program. Features of organizational behavior in Russia.

Personality in the Organization, Staff Motivation. The concept of personality and its structure. Personal development and socialization. Modern theories of personality. Typologies of personalities. Interaction of a person and an organization. The criterion basis of behavior. Characteristics of a person's individuality. The entry of a person into an organization. Human adaptation to the organizational environment. Employee attitudes of the organization. Job satisfaction. The importance of systematic motivation of employees, motivational management. Diversity and development of motivational management ideas. National features of motivational management.

Individual approach to staff motivation.

Conflict Management in the Organization. The conflict nature. Conflict situation. The incident. Frustration. Causes of conflicts. The conflict model. Classification of conflicts. Types of behavior of people in a conflict situation. Methods of conflict resolution. Conflict management. The role of conflict in modern organizations.

Corporate Culture, Formation of Corporate Behavior. The concept of the "organizational and corporate culture". organizational cultures. Components organizational culture. Organizational climate. orientations and principles of labor behavior. Purposeful formation of corporate culture and corporate behavior of personnel. Characteristics of a "healthy corporate culture". The system of training and formation of managerial culture, work culture, communication, conflict resolution, etc. Principles of culture change. Assessment of the degree of compliance of the management system with the declared strategic values

Name of the Discipline	Modern Strategic Analysis	
The volume of discipline, credits/academic	2 3/108	
hours		
DISCIPLINE CONTENT		
Sections	Subjects	

Section 1. General information from the Theory of systems. The Concept of a System Approach and System Analysis

Subject 1. Introduction to Systems Theory and System Analysis.

System concepts in practical activities.

Evolution of system representations. General definition of the system. Examples of systems. A brief description of the system. General properties of systems. Classification of systems. Ashby's Law of Requisite Variety.

Signs of the system. Classification of systems. Types of system topology.

The emergence of system analysis
The concept of a systematic approach. General
System Theory (theory of systems) by Ludwig von
Bertalanffy. Isomorphism of laws governing
the functioning of systems is the main idea of the
General System Theory proposed by Bertalanffy.

Subject 2. General Patterns of Technical Systems Development

Types of technical systems.

Minimal technical system.

The law of increasing the degree of the system ideality. The law of S-shaped development of technical systems.

The law of dynamization.

The law of completeness of the system parts.

The law of the through passage of energy.

The law of advanced development of the working body.

The law of "mono — bi — poly" transition.

The law of transition from the macro to the micro

Section 2. Systems and Modeling. Description. Typical Tasks of System

of System
Analysis and
Method of
their Solution

Subject 3. Systems Description. Typical Tasks of System Analysis. The Concept of the System Model.

Concepts of system analysis necessary to describe systems.

Classifications of challenges – objects of system analysis:

- well structured;
- unstructured;
- poorly structured.

Classical formulation and formalization of the problem in applied system analysis. The criterion of the problem solution quality. An indicator of the problem solution quality.

Internal and external description of systems

Definition of the model. Classification of
modeling methods
Model Requirements.
Subject 4. Fundamentals of the Theory of
Choice and Decision-Making. Analytical
Hierarchical Decision-making Process (ANR) by
T.Saati
Choice as the realization of the systems purpose. Criterion language of choice description Formulation of optimization problems and their
classification.
Fundamentals of the analytical hierarchical
process
The ANR three main functions
Axioms of ANR
Subject 5. Conditional Optimization.
Mathematical Programming
Example of setting an optimization challenge
Linear Programming (LP). Geometric method.
The Symplex method
Methods to solve nonlinear software problems.
Geometric interpretation
Nonlinear programming Subject 6. Choosing Alternatives in Multi-
Criteria Tasks
Reducing a multi-criteria task to a single-criteria
one
Conditional maximization
Search for an alternative with the specified
properties
Finding the Pareto set

Name of the Discipline	Professional command of foreign language
The volume of discipline,	6/216
credits/academic hours	
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Professional Communication	Professional Communication in a Foreign Language At
in a Foreign Language.	this stage, the skills and abilities of foreign language
Language Command	communication in a foreign language of professional communication are being developed. The training content is determined by the spheres and situations of communication displayed in the basic textbooks of the corresponding levels. The approximate content at the 3rd stage of training is determined by the thematic content of the basic textbook, as well as the materials selected by the teacher and covers the following topics:

- Innovative way of economic development
- Theoretical foundations of innovation
- Investments in the innovation process
- Analysis of the innovations efficiency
- Risk management in the innovation process, etc.
Language Command
- the development of language command continues
throughout the professional-industrial, official-
business, educational and general scientific spheres.
The total volume of the lexical minimum is 4000-
6000
units, where 5000 units are productive; -
development of word building skills;
expanding the vocabulary of students due to stable phrases,
synonyms, antonyms of a modern foreign language of
professional communication

Name of the Discipline	Enterprise Finance and Investment in Engineering Management
The volume of discipline, credits/academic hours	3/108
Ï	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Section 1. Theoretical Foundations of Corporate Finance. Section 2. Financial and Economic Analysis of Financial Statements. Section 3. Financial Environment: Markets and Financial Institutions Section 4. Risk and Profitability Assessment Tools Section 5. Securities: Concepts, Types, Yields. Section 6. The Cost of Equity. Evaluation of the Corporation and its Sources of Financing.	The concept of an efficient market. Changing the valuation of money over time. Analysis of discounted cash flows. Opportunity costs. Balanced portfolio theory. The risk and return ratio. Market risk assessment. A model for assessing the profitability of financial assets. The concept of the β-coefficient. The arbitrage pricing theory. Valuation of stocks and bonds. The theory of options and their evaluation. Analysis of financial activity. Assessment of needs in equity. Equity management policy. Planning the duration of the operational cycle. Equity financing. Spontaneous financing. Short-term loans. Cash flow management. Forecasting cash flows. Inventory management and control. Ways to improve the efficiency of the supply chain.

Formation of the capital investment budget. Methods of project evaluation. Net present value (NPV). Internal Rate of Return (IRR). Comparison of NPV and IRR criteria. The present value of future costs. Change in the price of capital. Change of net circulating capital. The impact of taxes. Liquidation value. The components of capital and their price. The price of the "debt capital" source. The price of the "preferred shares" source. The price of the "retained surplus" source. The price of the "common stock of the new issue" source. A model for assessing the profitability of financial assets. Weighted average and marginal cost of capital. Capital structure theory Costs associated with financial difficulties and agency costs. Models of financial leverage. Calculation of the optimal capital structure. Managing the capital. Models of sustainable growth. Production and financial leverage. Production and financial risks in the context of general risk. Dividend Policy. Theories of dividend preference. Dividend reinvestment plans. Stock buyback. Payment of dividends by shares and splitting of shares. Principles of financial planning. The system of forecasts and plans of the organization. Methods of planning and forecasting. Budgeting as an organization's financial management tool.

Name of the Discipline	Innovation Management
The Volume of Discipline,	3/108
credits/academic hours	
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Subject 1. Definition of Innovation.	Features of the modern stage of innovation development. Innovation as a management object. Schumpeter's approach to the definition of
	Innovation. The "new combinations" issues.
Subject 2. Innovations Classification.	Classification of innovations: by innovation potential, by technical parameters, by content, by place at the enterprise, by reasons of emergence, by the nature of needs satisfaction, by the degree of territorial novelty.
Subject 3. The Essence of Innovation Process.	The Essence of Innovation Process. Formulation of the innovation process concept. Comparative characteristics of innovation and production processes. Factors influencing innovation processes. The innovation process stages. The innovation process periodicity.

Subject 4. The Concept of Innovation Management.	The Concept of Innovation Management. Innovation management in the context of a systematic approach. The management subject in innovation management. Functions of the management subject. The management objects in innovation management. Priority goals of innovation management. Challenges to ensure exogenous harmonization of innovation activities. The correlation of the innovation management discipline with other disciplines.
Subject 5. The Basis of Innovative Management Forms.	The Basis of Innovative Management Forms. Intra- organizational innovation process. Subjects of the innovation process: innovators, early recipients, early majority, late majority and laggards.
Subject 6. Strategic Management as a Management Technology in the Context of Increased Instability of Environmental Factors and their Uncertainty over Time.	Strategic Management as a Management Technology in the Context of Increased Instability of Environmental Factors and their Uncertainty over Time. The formulation of the common goal of the organization. The specifics of the organization's innovation strategy. Formation of the enterprise innovative strategy. A comprehensive plan for innovative goals achievement.
Subject 7. Two Main Types of Enterprise Innovative Strategies.	Two Main Types of Enterprise Innovative Strategies. The main similarities and differences in the management of new and improving technologies. The Technology development and implementation stages.

Name of the Discipline	Organization and Production Management
The volume of discipline,	5/180
credits/academic hours	
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
An industrial Enterprise as a Complex Production System.	The main areas of improvement the production organization at enterprises in modern environment. The role, goals and objectives of the production organization in ensuring the integrated development of the enterprise in the service sector.
Fundamentals of Production Organization.	Organizational and production structure. The production organization as a system of scientific knowledge and an area of practical activity. The essence of the production organization: the basic concepts and categories of the production organization. The laws of organization in statics (structures) and dynamics (processes). Classification of structures' connections and links. Classification of structures. General principles of structures and processes organization.
Production Systems.	Features of production systems. Principles of production systems organization. Principles of production systems development.

Building an Enterprise's Production Structure.	The enterprise's production structure. Specialization of the main shops of the enterprise. The production structure of the main shops of the enterprise.
	The essence and role of solutions in production management. Classification of solutions. Scientific approaches to the solutions development. Requirements for the quality of solutions. Risk assessment in decision-making. Economic basis of decisions. Technology and organization of solution development.
Organization of Production Processes.	Principles of process rationalization. The essence of the production process organization: types of production processes; organization of production processes in time and space. Characteristics of production organization types. Forms of production organization.
Organization of Flow-Production.	The essence of flow-production. The structure of flow-production. Types and forms of production lines. Calculation of the main parameters of production lines. Organization of machine-aided manufacturing. Types and organizational and technical features of the creation and operation of automatic lines. Organizational and technical features of the creation and operation of robotic complexes. Organizational and technical features of the creation and operation of robotic complexes. Organizational and technical features of the creation and operation of flexible production systems. Assessment of the economic effect of the use of production automation tools.
Organization of Production Maintenance.	Tool department organization. The designation, challenges and structure of the tool department. Equipment classification and indexation. Maintenance service organization. The designation, challenges and structure of the maintenance service. Organization of transportation facilities. The designation, challenges and structure of the transportation facilities. Organization of storage facilities. Organization of a central tool warehouse and tool-distributing storerooms. Challenges and structure of storage facilities. Storage facilities organization. Organization of material and technical supply of the enterprise. Organization of the energy utilities. The role, challenges and structure of the energy utilities.
Organization of Work Flows and Workplaces. Performance Standards.	Performance standards. Classification of work time expenditures. Methods of studying the work time expenditures.

	Methods of performance standards.
Organizational and Production Quality Assurance and Products Competitiveness.	Product quality management at the enterprise. Product quality: characteristics, indicators. Quality management of products, works, services. Quality Systems. The essence and system of product quality indicators. The Total Quality Management concept. Analysis of the Total Quality Management concept. The system of ensuring competitiveness.
Designing a New Product.	The project life cycle. Formation of the company's product program. Innovation process: content and features. Typology of innovations and their classification. The research stage of product design. Comprehensive preparation of production for the new products release.
Organization of R&D.	R&D. Evaluation of the scientific and technological level of a new product. Design preparation of production. Network planning and management.
Organization of Technological Production Preparation.	The essence of the technology concept. The level of technology. Technological preparation of production. Economic basis of the drafting technological process
Integrated Planning Systems.	Corporate information systems. Methodology of CIS. Integrated automated production management systems. Other modern approaches to planning.
Lean Manufacturing Methodology .	General principles of building a "just in time" system. "Push" and "pull" production management systems. Just-in-time system efficiency factors. The Kanban information system. Comparison of the MRP II concept and the just-in-time management system.
Economic Effectiveness and Production Efficiency.	Profit and profitability. The production cost assessment. Economic production efficiency: criteria, indicators, challenges.

Name of the Discipline	Strategic Management in Industrial Companies
The volume of discipline, credits/academic hours	3/108
DISCIPLINE CONTENT	
Sections	Subjects

Section 1. Strategic Management as an Independent Section of Management.	Subject 1. Theoretical and Methodological Foundations of Strategic Management.
	Subject 2. The Strategic Management Process. Types of Strategies of a Science-Based Company.
Section 2. Strategic Planning as the Main Function of Strategic Management.	Subject 3. Strategic Planning in the Strategic Management System.
	Subject 4. Basic models of strategic planning: Harvard Business School model, Igor Ansoff model, G. Steiner model, strategic planning contour.
	Subject 5. The System of Strategic Planning Indicators. Strategically oriented KPIs.
Section 3. Strategy of Innovative Development.	Subject 6. Modern Methods of Strategic Management in State Corporations.
	Subject 7. Programs of Innovative Development of Science-Based Companies (National Practice of PID Development).

Name of the Discipline	Marketing and Competitiveness Management
The Volume of Discipline,	3/108
credits/academic hours	
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Subject 1. Industrial Market: Concept, Essence, Subjects.	The conceptual apparatus of the industrial economy. Defining the boundaries of the industrial market. Types of industrial markets. Determination of the structure of the industrial market, the level of concentration in the industrial market. Strategic and non-strategic barriers to entry into the industrial Market.

Subject 2. Differentiated	The concept of a differentiated product:
Industrial market.	
	prerequisites and the need for product differentiation. A
	voluminous, limited,
	specialized, fragmented industrial market. Brand as the highest form of differentiation in the industrial market.
Subject 3. Goals, Objectives and	Goals and objectives of marketing research.
Functions of Marketing	The main areas of marketing research.
Research. Stages of Marketing Research.	Principles of marketing research. Classification of marketing research. Stages of planning and conducting marketing research. Methods of conducting marketing research (independently, involving the marketing research agencies).
Subject 4. Research of the	Environment as an object of research. The concepts of
External Marketing Environment. Analysis of the Macro	macroenvironment and microenvironment of the company.
Environment.	The main factors of the macro environment
	(political and legal, economic, socio-cultural, technological). Methods of macroenvironment research. PEST analysis. Determination of market capacity.
Subject 5. Research of the Competitive Environment.	The main components of the external microenvironment of the company. M. Porter's five competitive forces model. A matrix of comprehensive analysis of the company's business environment in the b2b market at the macro-environment level and at the industry level. The main methods of research of the competitive environment, sources and methods of obtaining information about competitors.

Name of the Discipline	Accounting in Engineering Management
The Volume of Discipline,	3/108
credits/academic hours	
DISCIPLINE CONTENT	
Sections	Subjects

Principles of Organizing Accounting	The concept and essence of the organizing accounting in an economic entity. Regulation of accounting. Conceptual foundations of accounting The facts of an organization's economic activity as an object of accounting. Classification of economic activity facts.
The Place and Legal Status of the Accounting Service in the Management System	Functions of the accounting service of an economic entity. Organizational structure of accounting. Accounting Statute and its development. Rights and duties of the chief accountant. The preparation and documentation of job descriptions of accounting employees. Types of control by the accounting department. Control functions of the accounting service.
Fundamentals of Accounting	The organization of accounting and the organization of the accounting process in an operating economic entity. Legal entities: concept and types. Characteristics of legal entities. Inventory. Documenting the facts of economic life. Primary accounting documents. Organizational and administrative documents. Documents on the personnel of the enterprise (collective agreement
	enterprises, employment contracts, workbooks). Organizing of paperwork. Accounting registers and their role in organizing accounting. Systematization of accounting information. Correction of erroneous entries in documents and registers. Storage of documentation. Forensic accounting audit. Features of organizing accounting in the context of computerization.
Professional Activity of a Modern Accountant	Professional ethics of accountants Professional judgment of an accountant. The concept of audit activity. Types of audit goals and objectives. Regulatory and legal regulation of auditing activities in Russia. The difference between an audit and a documentary audit. The concept of state audit. The subject and objectives of the state audit. The constitutional model of state audit in Russia and the problems of its actual implementation.

Name of the Discipline	Commercial Law and Legal Engineering
The Volume of Discipline,	2/72
credits/academic hours	
DISCIPLINE CONTENT	
Sections	Subjects

I. The Right to Conduct a	Subject 1.1. The Content of the Right to Conduct a
Business	Business.
	Organizational and legal forms of entrepreneurship. Types and forms of state regulation of entrepreneurial activity. The system of requirements for entrepreneurial activity. Subject 1.2 Business entities. The concept and features of business law subjects. Creation of business law subjects: the concept and methods. The procedure and the main stages of the creation of business law subjects. Entrepreneurship licensing. Reorganization of business law subjects. Liquidation of business law subjects. Subject 1.3. The Legal Status of Certain Types of Business Law Subjects. Types of business law subjects: citizen, state- owned enterprise, financial and industrial group, small business entity, credit organization, insurance organization, investment fund, commodity exchange, stock exchange, self-regulatory organizations, non-profit organizations.
II. Legal Basis of Insolvency (Bankruptcy)	Subject 2.1 The Concept and Regulation of Insolvency (Bankruptcy). The concept and signs of insolvency (bankruptcy). The bankruptcy procedures system. Initiation of bankruptcy proceedings. Arbitration managers. Observation. Financial recovery. External control. Bankruptcy Administration. Settlement.
	Features of bankruptcy of certain types of entities.
III. Legal Structure of Property Owned by Business Entities	Subject 3.1. The Right of Ownership as the Basis of Entrepreneurship. The right of economic management of property. The right of operative administration. Rent of public and municipal property. The legal structure of certain types of property. The legal structure of the organization's equity, funds and reserves. The procedure for foreclosing on property.
IV. Legal Support of Competition and Market Monopolization Restriction	Subject 4.1. Regulation of Competition and Monopolization Restrictions. The concept and types of monopoly activity. Restriction of competition by state and local authorities. Responsibility for violation of antitrust legislation
V. Regulation of the Stock Market	Subject 5.1. The Concept and Legal Basis of Securities Market Regulation. Objects of the securities market. Subjects of the securities market. State regulation of the securities market.

VI. Regulation of Investment Activity	Subject 6.1. The Concept, Types and Stages of Investment Operation. The concept and types of investments. Subjects and objects of investment operation. State Regulation of Investment Activity. Regulation of foreign investments. Regulation of certain types of investment regulation.
VII. Regulation of Funding and Lending of Entrepreneurial Activity	Subject 7.1. Types of Funding and Lending of Entrepreneurial Activity. Legal basis of public funding. The legal basis of public lending. Control and responsibility in public funding and lending. Legal bases of banking, commodity and commercial lending. Self-funding of entrepreneurial activity.
VIII. Legal Basis of Innovation Activity	Subject 8.1. Regulation of Innovation Activity. The concept and types of innovations and innovation activity. Legal forms of creation and implementation of innovations. State regulation of innovation activity.
IX. Legal Bases of Information Support of Entrepreneurial Activity	Subject 9.1. Regulation of Information RelationsThe concept of information, the legal structure of information resources. Documenting of the information. The right of ownership of information resources. Types of information resources. The procedure for using information. Protection of information and the rights of subjects in the area of information support. State regulation of information relations.
X. Legal Basis of Pricing and Price Regulation	Subject 10.1. <u>The Concept and Types of Prices. Legal</u> <u>Bases of State Regulation of Prices.</u> Methods of price regulation. The system of state price regulation authorities. Responsibility in pricing.
Name of the Discipline	Evaluation of Labor Efficiency and Personnel Management
The Volume of Discipline,	3/108

Name of the Discipline	Evaluation of Labor Efficiency and Personnel	
	Management	
The Volume of Discipline,	3/108	
credits/academic hours		
J	DISCIPLINE CONTENT	
Sections	Subjects	
The Essence of Motivation and	Approaches to determining motivation. The essence and	
Stimulation of Professional	function of work motivation. Motivation and stimulation.	
Activity.	Classification of work motives. The basic rules enabling to	
	raise the effectiveness of motivational activities.	
	Motivational model of achieving goals through needs.	
	Needs, reasons and motives.	
	Internal and external rewards.	

Theories and Concepts of Professional Motivation, Stimulation. Trends of Their Development.	Classification of work motivation theories: primary and secondary, substantive and procedural. Foreign theories of motivation. Motives, incentives, needs. First theories of motivation. Meaningful theories of employee motivation: A. Maslow, F. Hertzberg, K. Alderfer, D. McClelland. Procedural theories of motivation: K. Lewin, V. Vroom and D. Atkinson, L. Porter and E. Lawler, S. Adams, D. McGregor, B. Skinner. Russian concepts of motivation. The essence and classification of motivation elements. Analysis of methods of work motivation. The current state of the development of scientific and practical problems of
The Specifics of Professional Motivation Process.	Classification of professional motives and areas of professional motivation. Structure, elements, and mechanisms of professional motivation. Elements of the external and internal environment that affect the motivation of the organization's staff. Methods of motivation. Structures responsible for effective motivation in the organization. Motivational resources of organization management. Formation of the motivational core of the staff.
Implementation of the Stimulating Professional Activity.	Classification of incentives and areas of stimulation of professional activity. Material incentives: monetary (wages, allowances and fringe benefits, bonus systems, profit sharing systems, capital), non-monetary (benefits, wage supplements). Non-monetary incentives: morale-boosting, organizational, free time.

Name of the Discipline	Agile Project Management	
The volume of discipline, credits/academic hours	5/180	
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT	
Sections	Subjects	
Section 1. Introduction to Project Management	The project concept. The project management concept. The main stages of the project management history. The difference between operational and project activities. Criteria for the project success. Project limitations. The main reasons for project failures.	

Section 2.	Standards in project management. PMI Institute of Project
Fundamentals	Management. PMI standards.
of Project Management	Project program. Project portfolio. Organizational environment of projects.
	Project interested parties. Project sponsor. Project manager. Project customer. The art and technologies of management in project management. Project management in various organizational structures. Functional structure. Project structure. Weak matrix. Balanced matrix. Strong matrix. Mixed matrix. The project life cycle. The product life cycle. Project phases. Process groups and project management knowledge areas.
Section 3. The Main Stages of the Project Management.	Project initiation. Development of the project statute. Project objectives. Identification of interested parties. Interested parties analysis. Project planning. Project management plan. Basic plan. Action plan of the project. The "incoming wave" method. Product content and project content. Product acceptance criteria. Results, exceptions and limitations of the project
Section 4. Project Execution	Project management and work management. Project team development tools. The main causes of conflicts in the project. Ways to resolve conflicts in the project. Project execution reporting
Section 5. Project Monitoring and Control	Project content control. Deviations analysis. Project schedule control. Failure of the project deadlines. The method of mastered volume. Basic planned indicators. Basic measurable indicators. The main indicators. Forecasting methods in the project

Name of the Discipline	Engineering Innovations			
The volume of discipline,	3/108			
credits/academic hours				
DISCIPLINE CONTENT				
Sections	Subjects			

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Section 1. Innovation and	Innovative economy development. The importance and
Innovative Activity. Subject 1.	role of innovation for the enterprise and the national
The Concept and Essence of	economy. Fundamentals of J. Schumpeter's theory of
Innovation.	innovation.
	N.D. Kondratieff's long waves of economic activity. The
	concepts and logic of the change of technological patterns
	by S. Glazyev. Characteristics of the 6th Technological
	Order. The concept of innovation, signs of innovative
	products (novelty, demand compliance, profitability).
	Classification of innovations: product, process, marketing
	and organizational innovations. Their main features and characteristics.
Subject 2. Innovative Work and	The conceptual apparatus of innovation-related activities
Innovative Activity of a	(innovation marketing, innovation management, innovative
Company.	product development).
	The innovation process, the life cycle stages of the
	innovation process.
	1
	Methodological foundations of the survey of processes and results of innovation activity
	(Frascati Family Reference Books, Oslo Manual).
	Innovative activity, its goals and distinctive features.
	Assessment of innovation costs in accordance with the
	classification of innovative activities recommended by the
	Oslo Manual.
	Innovation activity, indicators for innovation activity
	assessment.
C 1' (2 I M 11	Diffusion of innovations.
Subject 3. Innovation Models:	Continuous and substitute innovations by Clayton
Continuing and Substitutive.	Christensen. Disruptive innovation theory; theory of
	resources, procedures and values; theory of value chain
	development. The main modern substitute technologies: the
	human genome, nanotechnology, wireless technologies. Factors that foster innovations (globalization, competent
	customers in individual markets, a diversity and change of
	technologies, shorter product life cycles.
	product ine cycles.

Section 2. Innovation and Commercialization Process Stages. Subject 4. Innovation and Commercialization Process Main Stages.	General characteristics and sequence of the innovation and commercialization process stages. The creative process of creating an idea. Engineering approach to creative problem solving, TIPS. Identification of opportunities, their sources (industry
	research of university opportunities, research of government sources, search for new opportunities in existing technologies, etc.) Assessment of technological opportunities. Evaluation of innovation in terms of market opportunities: compliance with the goals, objectives and mission of the company; advantages for potential buyers; distribution potential; assessment of risks associated with development.
Subject 5. Business Concept Development. Innovation Commercialization Opportunities Analysis.	Commercialization, its essence and necessity. Business concept, its main elements. Feasibility analysis: industry analysis, technical feasibility analysis, market analysis, analysis of alternative distribution channels, financial plan.

Name of the Discipline	Economics and Management of Energy & Environment
The Volume of Discipline, credits/academic	3/108
hours	
DISCIPLINI	E CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Subject 1. Energy Enterprise in the Market Relations System	The goal and objectives of the discipline. The discipline in education program structure. Planned results of the discipline outcomes. The enterprise as the basis of the economy. Classification of enterprises. The legal basis of the enterprises operations. Organizational and legal forms of enterprises. Energy enterprise and its features. Enterprise resources.

Subject 2. Fixed Assets and Capital of an Energy Company	The essence, classification and structure of fixed assets of an energy enterprise. Methods of fixed assets evaluation. Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets. The concepts of "investments" and "capital expenditures", their structure. Classification and structure of capital of an energy enterprise. Indicators of the efficiency of the use of fixed assets and capital of the enterprise and techniques to improve them.
Subject 3. Human Resources of an Energy Company	Human resources (personnel) as the main resource of the enterprise. Labor productivity. Organization and rationing of work at an energy enterprise. Work discipline. Salary and its functions. Motivation and remuneration.
Subject 4. Organization of Production and Management of an Energy Enterprise	Production and production systems. Forms, types and methods of production organization. Characteristics and principles of the organization of the production process in space and time. The production cycle and the factors determining its duration. The essence of the organization of enterprise management. Types of enterprise management structures (general, organizational and production).

Subject	5.	The	Economic	Mechanism	of	External and internal environment of an energy
Enterpris	se F	unctio	ning			enterprise. The essence and main elements of
						the economic mechanism of enterprise
						functioning (the mechanism of market
						regulation of an enterprise; the internal
						mechanism of enterprise management; the
						mechanism of state regulation of the energy
						enterprise). Enterprise activity planning
						system:
						classification of enterprise plans;
						principles and methods of planning;
						strategic planning; business planning.
						Product quality and competitiveness.

Name of the Discipline	Business Process Management				
The Volume of Discipline, credits/academic hours	3/108				
DISCIPLINE CONTENT					
Sections	Subjects				
Business Process as a Research Object	Process approach to company management. Business process characteristics. Mandatory Elements of the Business Process				
Systemic Analysis of Activities of the Organization	Business processes classification. Eight-Process Enterprise Model. IBM's Component Business Model. ETOM Multilevel Model of Production Management Business Processes. Toyota Model.				
Modern Approaches to Modeling of Business Processes	Methods of business processes description. Fundamental Business Process Modeling Methodologies. SADT Functional Modeling Methodology. ARIS Business Process Modeling Methodology. BPMN Business Process Modeling Methodology.				
Improvement of the Organization's Operation	Principles and Methods of Business Process Analysis and Management. Business Processes Assessment. The main approaches to business processes optimization. Balanced Scorecard and Key Performance Indicators in Business Process Management.				

Name of the Discipline	Cloud technologies in enterprise management
The Volume of Discipline,	3/108
credits/academic hours	
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
The History of Cloud-Based Computing	The first ideas of the application of computing using remote computation centers.
The Essence of Cloud Technologies	Infrastructure as a Service (iaas); Platform as a Service (Paas); Data as a Service (Daas); Software as a Service (saas); Workplace as a service (Waas); All as a Service (Aaas).
Overview of Cloud Services	EC2 (ElasticComputeCloud)— Xen-hosting;•S3 (SimpleStorageService)— storage
Trends in the Cloud Technologies Development	Dynamic scalability.

Name of the Discipline	Lean Manufacturing
The Volume of Discipline,	3/108
credits/academic hours	
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Subject 1. The Basics of a Lean	Causes and Case History (T.Ono, S.Shingo,
Office.	Tapping, Laro)
Subject 2 Lean Office Concept	Ontions of Concentral Domesontations of Lean Office and
and Philosophy	Options of Conceptual Representations of Lean Office and
and Fimosophy	Their Fundamental Differences
	Their Fundamental Differences
Subject 3. Principles of Creating	The Main Characteristics of the Lean Flow and its
a Lean Office (value, SC flow	Parameters
and losses)	Differences Between a Lean Office and a Traditional One
Subject 4. Systems and Tools for	Lean Office Deployment Models (levels, stages, depth of
Creating a Lean Office	
Creating a Lean Office	changes)

Name of the Discipline	Data Mining and Decision Making	
The Volume of Discipline, credits/academic hours	3/108	
	DISCIPLINE CONTENT	
Sections		
Business Process as a Research Object	Process approach to company management. Business process characteristics. Mandatory Elements of the Business Process	
System Analysis of the Organization's Operations	Business processes classification. Eight-Process Enterprise Model. IBM's Component Business Model. ETOM Multilevel Model of Production Management Business Processes. Toyota Model.	
Modern Approaches to Business Process Modeling	Methods of business processes description. Fundamental Business Process Modeling Methodologies. SADT Functional Modeling Methodology. ARIS Business Process Modeling Methodology. BPMN Business Process Modeling Methodology.	
Improvement of the Organization's Operation	Principles and Methods of Business Process Analysis and Management. Business Processes Assessment. The main approaches to business processes optimization. Balanced Scorecard and Key Performance Indicators in Business Process Management.	

Name of the Discipline	Standardization and Quality Management
The volume of discipline,	3/108
credits/academic hours	
DISCIPLINE CONTENT	
Sections	Subjects
The Concept of Quality. Product Quality Indicators System	Quality is a success factor in a market economy. The discipline in education process. Quality and customer satisfaction. Definition of quality. Quality objects: activity or process; products (tangible and intangible); organization. Quality loop. Product Quality Indicators System: generalizing, single and complex indicators. Classification of product quality indicators.

Stages of a Modern Quality System Formation	The main quality management approaches: improvement achieved by innovation (kairio), and improvement obtained by continuous improvement (kaizen).
The Concept and Methodology of Total Quality Management	Definition of Total Quality Management (TQM). The basic principles and goals of TQM. The most important elements of TQM that ensure the success of the quality strategy: satisfying the needs and wishes of consumers; ensuring the real participation of each employee in the process of improving the product quality; improving organizational activities, making decisions based on facts, the role of top management.
The Main Methods of Improving the Company's Operation	Functional structure. Functional structure problems: functional structure separates staff from consumers; functional structure slows down process improvement.
Deploying the Quality Function. House of Quality	Quality profile. Basic, required and desired quality. Key elements of the Quality Function Deployment: customer requirements; quality parameters; the matrix of the closeness of the relationship between the components "what" and "how"; goal setting; establishment of the rating of the components importance. An example of building a House of Quality. Concept of House of Quality

Name of the Discipline	Industrial Ecology	
The volume of discipline,	3/108	
credits/academic hours		
DISCIPLINE CONTENT		
Sections	Subjects	
Theoretical Foundations of	Theoretical Foundations of Environmental Management	
Environmental Management		
The Main Areas of Environmental	The Main Areas of Environmental Policy	
Policy		
International Environmental	International Environmental Management	
Management Standards		
	Standards	
Environmental Certification	Environmental Certification	
Environmental Product Labelling	Environmental Product Labelling	

Environmental Food Safety	Environmental Food Safety Management
Management	
Environmental Management	Environmental Management System Development
System Development	
Environmental Information	Environmental Information Systems of the Enterprise
Systems	
of the Enterprise	
Fundamentals of Environmental	Fundamentals of Environmental Regulation
Regulation	

Name of the Discipline	Fundamentals of Logistics and Supply Chain Management
The Volume of Discipline, credits/academic hours	3/108
]	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Subject 1. Conceptual Foundations of Logistics	Origins of logistics. Definition, concept, tasks, functions, objects of research. Types of logistics, macro- and micrologistics. Methodology and scientific base of logistics, interaction with other sciences, the essence of a systematic approach. Economic compromises as a method of balancing expenses, income and profits of firms. Logistic costs, their role in the formation of the final cost of products (M. Porter's pyramid of total cost). The role of logistics in increasing the competitiveness of the company, the 7Rs of logistics. Logistics concepts and their evolution (period before logistics, classical logistics, integrated logistics, supply chains). Logistics features in globalization and the main trends of its development. The outsourcing development. Functional areas of logistics and their characteristics: procurement logistics, production, sales, transport logistics. Levels of company logistic development: transportation
Subject 2. Types of Logistic Flows	and storage, distribution, integrated logistics. Definition of the logistic flow. Types of logistic flows: material, financial, information and service. Parameters of logistic flows. Logistic operations.
Subject 3. Characteristics of Logistic Systems	Logistic systems definition and properties. Territorial logistics systems. Types of logistic systems. Enterprise as a logistics system. The concept of logistics chain and its key elements: link, chain and channel. The scheme of links interaction of a simple logistic system on commodity, information and financial flows. Logistics life cycle.

Subject 4. Procurement Logistics	Tasks and functions of procurement logistics. The mechanism of procurement logistics work, the procurement cycle structure, needs identification, procurement planning, preparation and placement of orders, monitoring of order fulfillment and control of fulfillment and/or forwarding of orders. Concepts of interaction with suppliers. Selection of logistics intermediaries using expert methods and multicriteria assessments, supplier ratings calculation. Legal basis of procurement: proposals receipt and assessment, terms of delivery, order and deliveries paperwork, procurement methods, incoming quality control and quantity of products received, payment for deliveries. Development of procurement strategy and interaction with suppliers, features of procurement of goods of different value groups (ABC), procurement in a free and monopolized market. The practice of "kickbacks" in the procurement activities of Russian enterprises and its economic consequences.
Subject 5. Production Logistics	Production as a process of making goods. The purpose and objectives of production logistics. The dependent demand principle. Principles of production organization: specialization, flexibility, synchronization, optimization, integration. Concept and evaluation of production capacity, Concepts of logistics processes organization: "just in time", "push" and "pull" systems. The essence, advantages and disadvantages of MRPII, LP, Kanban, DRP methods, etc. Stages of production planning in MRP-II method: drafting of a production schedule, planning of full and net resource requirements, production cycle of product manufacturing, planning of technological equipment utilization. The main production schedule. ERP systems, prospects for the development of resource planning systems.
Subject 6. Transport Logistics	The essence of forwarding services, challenges and participants of transport logistics. Characteristics of different types of transport. Transport systems classification. Unimodal, intermodal, multimodal, combined and terminal cargo transportation. The key terminology of transport logistics: trip, turnover, transport route, transport work, cargo class, etc. Methods of visual representation of the material flows movement (MP): cartograms, squinted tables, MP curves. Road transport customer service. Technical and operational performance indicators of road transport on routes. General

indicators of the efficiency of the rolling stock exploitation:
load factors, mileage utilization factors, average distance of
cargo transportation, etc.
Transport challenges and their types. Vehicles route
calculation. Simplified algorithms for solving typical
transport problems: Vogel approximation, imaginary beam
method (Svir method), "branches and boundaries" method.
General algorithm for freight transport route calculation.
Planning of cargo delivery in a mixed traffic based on a
network schedule.
Organization and calculation of the supply system "just in
time", scope of application, pros and cons. Legal support of
cargo transportation in the Russian Federation: legal
framework, basic shipping documents. International
agreements in the cargo transportation area: INCOTERMS,
General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs, CMR
Convention, FIATA, etc.

Name of the Discipline	Enterprise Management Information System
The Volume of Discipline,	3/108
credits/academic hours	
]	DISCIPLINE CONTENT
Sections	Subjects
Section 1: Introduction to the Methodology of Designing and Working with Information	General definitions. Set theory and logical operations in information systems. Data bases. Creating queries.
Systems.	Stemming question
Designing and Creating Databases.	Creating Data Bases. Creation of the "Firm" database. Data selection using queries. Using forms in database. Drafting reports.
Information Technologies in Professional Activity.	Modern computer technologies in management. Office applications for effective optimization of manager's work. Calculations and
	special functions. in Excel. Electronic Paperwork

Program Manager

Associate Professor

position, name of the department

A.A. Ostrovskaya

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A.A. Ostrovskaya